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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/776,721	02/11/2004	Thomas A. Osborne	8627-451	2837
7590	01/15/2009		EXAMINER	
Lawrence G. Almeda			SEVERSON, RYAN J	
BRINKS HOFER GILSON & LIONE				
P.O. Box 10395			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Chicago, IL 60610			3731	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/15/2009	PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>
	10/776,721	OSBORNE, THOMAS A.
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>
	Ryan Severson	3731

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

THE REPLY FILED 29 December 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.

1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:

- a)  The period for reply expires \_\_\_\_\_ months from the mailing date of the final rejection.
- b)  The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.  
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).

Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### NOTICE OF APPEAL

2.  The Notice of Appeal was filed on \_\_\_\_\_. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).

#### AMENDMENTS

3.  The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because

- (a)  They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);
- (b)  They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);
- (c)  They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or
- (d)  They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).

4.  The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).

5.  Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): \_\_\_\_\_.

6.  Newly proposed or amended claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).

7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a)  will not be entered, or b)  will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.

The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:

Claim(s) allowed: \_\_\_\_\_.

Claim(s) objected to: \_\_\_\_\_.

Claim(s) rejected: \_\_\_\_\_.

Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \_\_\_\_\_.

#### AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE

8.  The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).

9.  The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).

10.  The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

#### REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

11.  The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:  
See Continuation Sheet.

12.  Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_

13.  Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

/Todd E Manahan/  
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3731

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant argues the combination of Lefebvre and Thomas does not disclose the secondary struts are connected to and contact the curved members of the primary struts. Examiner agrees that Lefebvre alone does not disclose secondary struts, and this was affirmed in the final rejection. However, Thomas does in fact teach secondary struts as set forth in the final rejection and explained in the interview of 12/16/2008. Adding secondary struts to the curved members of Lefebvre would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to help center the filter within the blood vessel. Further, it is noted that the structure of Thomas at no point was relied upon to meet the claim limitation requiring curved primary struts, and therefore arguments stating that Thomas does not disclose curved primary struts are essentially moot as this is in no way related to the outstanding rejection. It appears the arguments are based on the two references individually and not the proposed combination set forth in the final rejection. It is noted that one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Applicant argues with regard to claim 2 that Thomas does not disclose a set of two secondary struts connected to and extending radially from each side of the primary strut. However, Thomas clearly shows a set of two secondary struts (22-1c" and 22-1c', see figure 3C) connected to the primary strut (12 and 14). The claim requires that each secondary struts contacts at least one other secondary strut. In Thomas, each of the secondary struts set forth above contact one another (at point 22-1c), thus meeting this claim limitation. Further, each secondary strut extends radially outward from the primary strut (in the same manner shown in figure 1C).

Applicant argues with respect to claim 57 that the secondary strut of the combination does not form a continuation of the curved of the primary strut. However, this claim limitation does not require both the primary and secondary struts to have the same radius of curvature, it merely requires the secondary strut continues from the curve of the primary strut. Such is the case when the secondary struts of Thomas are added to the primary struts of Lefebvre and the secondary struts would be in radial alignment with the primary struts (similar to that shown in figure 1A of Thomas).